



Cross Forth Passenger Ferry Study

Stagecoach Hovercraft Trial



Data Collation

19 October 2007

Report no: RT/DV01356/16/02



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Data Collation

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1 Summary

Hyder Consulting Ltd. have been appointed by Fife Council, on behalf of a Steering Group comprising Fife Council, City of Edinburgh Council, Forth Estuary Transport Authority (FETA), SEStran and Forth Ports plc, to assess the viability of a passenger ferry service across the Forth Estuary.

Hyder's previous Business Viability Assessment (dated 26th July 2007) had recommended that the Kirkcaldy – Seafield route should not be progressed as it did not meet the test of covering its operational costs. These costs indicated that a hovercraft service on the route would only breakeven at a patronage of 2,305 passengers per day (ppd) at £3.85 single journey fare.

However, as part of this study, Hyder Consulting were commissioned to undertake a data collation exercise on the hovercraft trial (see Appendix A).

Stagecoach ran a trial hovercraft service across the Firth of Forth for two weeks from Monday 16 July to Saturday 28 July, excluding Sunday 22 July. A total of 22 services a day – 11 in each direction were promised between Kirkcaldy (Fife) and Portobello (Edinburgh).

A 28-metre BHT130 hovercraft, manufactured by Isle of Wight-based Hoverwork Limited and incorporating the latest diesel engine technology, was used for the trial. The hovercraft travelled up the east coast from the Solent and, after initial trial runs, a special VIP trip was laid on for Friday 13 July. Subsequent trialling of arrangements for passengers was undertaken on the following Saturday and Sunday.

With a total of 32,099 passenger trips, the trial attracted greater patronage than had been anticipated by Stagecoach. As a result lengthy queues formed and Stagecoach eventually laid on extra crossings.

For those travelling to the Kirkcaldy hovercraft terminal by bus, fares were set at the same level as the single/return bus fare between Fife and Edinburgh and included concessionary fares. Peak-time services and integrated bus links were designed to accommodate commuters looking to avoid congestion on the Forth Road Bridge. Stagecoach concluded that 2,213 (6.9%) were commuters by assuming that the first two trips of the day were solely occupied by commuters. The figure does not include commuters during the afternoon and evening.

During the trial the Forth Rail Bridge was closed from Sunday 22 to Sunday 29 July 2007 by Network Rail so that it could renew a major set of points at Inverkeithing and improve drainage in the North Queensferry tunnel, thereby improving reliability. Trains from Edinburgh to Dundee or Aberdeen were diverted through Stirling and Perth, whilst services to / from Fife were replaced by buses. The work was timed to coincide with the Fife trade holiday and suspension of roadworks on the road bridge. This closure was announced well in advance and Stagecoach was quoted as having timed their hovercraft trial to coincide with the closure of the rail bridge.

Figures provided by Stagecoach give an average daily patronage over the trial of 2,675 ppd which compares favourably with the breakeven patronage required of 2,305 ppd.

The average revenue generated by the trial from fare-paying passengers was £2.81. The fare for a breakeven patronage is £3.85 as modelled by the Hyder Business Viability Assessment.

However, from the 1,310 responses received to the Patronage Survey, nearly half the people who responded were travelling on the hovercraft for the experience, rather than to trial the hovercraft as a potential method of commuting. This shows that the advertising for the trial had worked and that hovercraft, despite having been used continuously in the UK for over 40 years, still have attractions when introduced to a new area. This indicates a willingness amongst people to try out a new service (just as they did on the Solent in 1961). It also, perhaps, reflects the timing of the trial in the summer holiday rather than in a more "neutral" month (say May or October).

Average journey time was recorded as 17 mins with an operating speed of 37 knots.

The operational statistics received from Stagecoach indicate that the hovercraft achieved a fuel consumption of 290 litres/hour at an operational speed of 37 knts (see Appendix D). This would give an annual fuel cost of $\pounds 511,166$ at the quoted 45.9ppl. for 2 hovercraft over the 11.2 nautical mile journey (30min peak / hourly off-peak service). This compares favourably against Hyder's original business plan assumptions of 669 litres/hour at an operational speed of 35 knts at 40ppl which gave an annual fuel cost of $\pounds 1,083,463$.

By removing payroll costs from Hyder's Business Plan and applying the hovercraft charter costs for the 2 week trial over an annual basis, this gives an annual hovercraft cost of $\mathfrak{L}1,197,000$. This figure would include for craft depreciation, accruals for interior and engine refits, maintenance, insurance, transport costs and profit and overheads. This is in line with Hyder's Business Plan allowance of $\mathfrak{L}927,750$ per hovercraft (exc. transport and profit) and thus is taken as a further validation of Hyder's Business Viability Assessment of a hovercraft service.

Approximately 69% of passengers carried agreed or strongly agreed that the transport links in Fife were from the most appropriate place, compared with 77% from the Edinburgh side.

Passenger seating comfort on the hovercraft was rated as HIGH although measurements were taken when the sea state was relatively calm for the Firth of Forth.

From the 231 responses received to the Residents' Survey that it is noted that 13% of residents objected to the hovercraft route remaining at the trial locations. Blocking the promenade and other environmental issues (ie noise; dust; car parking) seem to be the main causes of concern for the local residents (particularly at Portobello.

It is recommended that if the hovercraft was to become a regular service then good pedestrian signage would help reduce noise and disruption on side streets which are off the access route. Also adequate parking provision should be made for a regular service.

2 Hovercraft Trial Overview

Hyder Consulting Ltd. have been appointed by Fife Council, on behalf of a Steering Group comprising Fife Council, City of Edinburgh Council, Forth Estuary Transport Authority (FETA), SEStran and Forth Ports plc, to assess the viability of a passenger ferry service across the Forth Estuary.

Hyder's previous Business Viability Assessment (dated 26th July 2007) had recommended that the Kirkcaldy – Seafield route should not be progressed as it did not meet the test of covering its operational costs. These costs indicated that a hovercraft service on the route would breakeven at a patronage of 2,305 passengers per day (ppd) at £3.85 single journey fare.

However, as part of this study, Hyder Consulting were commissioned to undertake a data collation exercise on the hovercraft trial (see Appendix A).

This trial was promoted and part funded by Stagecoach with support from SEStrans. A 28-metre BHT130 hovercraft, manufactured by Isle of Wightbased Hoverwork Limited and incorporating the latest diesel engine technology, was used for the trial. The hovercraft travelled up the east coast from the Solent and, after initial trial runs, a special VIP trip was laid on for Friday 13 July. Subsequent trialling of arrangements for passengers was undertaken on the following Saturday and Sunday.

The full passenger trial of the hovercraft service ran for two weeks from Monday 16 July to Saturday 28 July, excluding Sunday 22 July. Although a total of 22 services a day – 11 in each direction – was promised on the route, the trial attracted greater patronage than had been anticipated by Stagecoach. As a result lengthy queues formed and Stagecoach eventually laid on extra crossings.

For those travelling to the Kirkcaldy hovercraft terminal by bus, fares were set at the same level as the single/return bus fare between Fife and Edinburgh and included concessionary fares. Peak-time services and integrated bus links were designed to accommodate commuters looking to avoid congestion on the Forth Road Bridge.

The Kirkcaldy site was serviced by Stagecoach's existing 6, 6A, 7, X59 and X60 bus services which stopped at the Kirkcaldy departure point. There was also a park and ride facility for those arriving by car.

The Kirkcaldy landing site was located on the beach at the rear of the former Stagecoach bus depot at the west end of the Esplanade (see Fig.2.1)

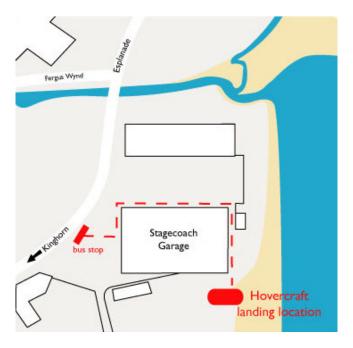


Fig.2.1 Kirkcaldy landing location

The Seafield landing site was located on the beach at the rear of the Lothian Bus Depot at Portobello, Edinburgh (see Fig.2.2)

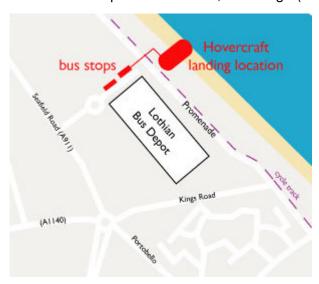


Fig.2.2 Seafield landing location

Shuttle bus services X90 and X91 operated between Portobello and Edinburgh city centre and Leith.

No car parking was available at Portobello and customers were advised to travel to Portobello by Lothian bus or park away from the site and arrive by foot.

During the trial the Forth Rail Bridge was closed from Sunday 22 to Sunday 29 July 2007 by Network Rail so that it could renew a major set of points at Inverkeithing and improve drainage in the North Queensferry tunnel,

thereby improving reliability. Trains from Edinburgh to Dundee or Aberdeen were diverted through Stirling and Perth, whilst services to / from Fife were replaced by buses. The work was timed to coincide with the Fife trade holiday and suspension of roadworks on the road bridge. This closure was announced well in advance and Stagecoach was quoted as having timed their hovercraft trial to coincide with the closure of the rail bridge.

2.1 Stagecoach Information

SEStrans, who have committed £92,000 to an overall £100,000 package of public funding towards the trial, have required Stagecoach to provide information in accordance with Appendix C & D.





2.1.1 Trip Details

It was assumed that passenger numbers would be received in the format noted in Appendix C (Trip details) from Stagecoach and that these would be incorporated into this report. Instead Stagecoach provided overall patronage figures for each day (see Appendix C).

In total, Stagecoach reported 32,099 single journeys were made on the service, of which 2,213 (6.9%) were commuters. It is apparent that, in reaching this conclusion, Stagecoach have assumed that all people travelling on the first two trips of each day (Mon – Fri) from each terminal were commuters and that the figure is expressed as a percentage of the whole (which includes Saturdays). The figure does not include commuters during the afternoon and evening. This figure also then gives the load factors on these first two round trips as 42.56%. If the number of commuters is related to the total weekday passengers (27,150), then the share increases to 8.15%.

Following the above assumption through, Stagecoach have then concluded that commuter traffic doubled from 715 in the first week to 1,498 journeys in the second week. During the second week of the trial, the Forth Rail Bridge was closed which resulted in the rail service from Kirkcaldy to Edinburgh being suspended. This seems to have influenced the number of commuters using the hovercraft during this period. Slightly less than half of the passengers (47%) used the X90 & X91 connecting bus services.

However, Alistair MacLeod gave a presentation (on behalf of Stagecoach) to the Transport Day Conference on Monday 3rd September at Pickaquoy Conference Centre, Kirkwell, Orkney (see Appendix D). This contained a note on key statistics:

32,099 passengers carried in 12 days

- On 288 trips @ 85.7% load factor
- 2,213 passengers on 20 commuter services between 07:10 & 08:30 hrs
- Bus Links operated by Lothian Buses:
 - 15,215 passengers carried in 12 days
 - 9,349 to city Centre
 - 5,866 to Ocean Terminal
 - 47% of passengers used buses
 - 53% on local or roundtrips

2.1.2 Sea State observations

It was assumed that sea state observations will be received in the format noted in Appendix C (Trip details) from Stagecoach.

Information supplied by Stagecoach notes that the service commenced on Monday 16th July at 07:10hrs with a Wind Force 7 ENE at 30 knots and seas up to 2.5m. This improved from 11:00hrs onwards to NE veering southerly at 10 knots. It should be noted that Stagecoach reported that the weather saw a considerable improvement over the rest of the trial varying from Calm to F3-4 N/NE during the first week and from F1-2 Variable to F6 SW-WSW during the second week. Passenger numbers seem only slightly affected by the weather.

2.1.3 Timetable compliance / variation information

It was assumed that timetable compliance / variation information will be received in the format noted in Appendix C (Trip details) from Stagecoach. The only information received to date is the Stagecoach provided overall patronage figures for each day (see Appendix C). The column headed 'Sectors' refers to the number of one-way crossings made by the hovercraft on each day. Where this is 22, the timetable was run as advertised. Where this is 24, a lunchtime trip was added departing Kirkcaldy at 12:00 and Portobello at 12:30. Where noted as 26, an additional end of day trip (19:00 from Kirkcaldy and 19:30 from Portobello) was added. A shuttle service was operated on 27 & 28 July which resulted in 2 additional roundtrips being operated with no midday break. The last services were operated from Portobello at 19:05 and 19:03 respectively. From 29 July an additional 12:00 service was operated for the rest of the trial which provided better bus connections.

Alistair MacLeod noted in his presentation (see Section 2.1.1) that only two trips were cancelled during entire trial due to a fault on board the hovercraft (fault corrected in 45 mins). The fault, which was on one of the lift fan shafts, caused the 16:00 ex-Kirkcaldy service on 27 July to be cancelled. The schedule was reported as being quickly recovered and the 17:00

service departed on schedule. It is believed that other timetable compliance was good.

Trip details supplied show an average crossing time of 17 mins. However, figures have been provided that indicate a minimum journey time of 11min. With a route length of 11.2 nautical miles this gives an average speed of 59 – 64 knots!

2.1.4 Patronage Information - Financial

It was assumed that financial details from the hovercraft trial would be provided by Stagecoach in the format noted in Appendix C (Financial details.

Stagecoach provided financial information as shown in Appendix C.

This shows that of the 32,099 passengers carried, 30,968 were fare paying (96%). Non-fare paying passengers were Stagecoach staff, babes-in-arms and VIP's. It is not possible to determine the overall spilt in the fare paying passengers, between Adult; Child and Concessionaires since only overall figures from the X90 & X91 services were supplied. However, the split on the services for which information was given (ie Bus Routes 6, 7, X59 & X60) indicates a split of 42.5 / 18.4 / 39.1 % between Adult / Child / Concessionaire passengers. Fare income also seems to vary with Concessionaires paying an average of £14.22 on Services 6 & 7 against £3.48 on X59 & X60. Adult fares vary from £4.21 to £7.47 whilst child fares vary from £2.32 to £2.85. The average ticket price on the X90 & X91 services appears to be £1.48 with an overall average ticket price of £2.81. This compares well with the Hyder Business Viability Assessment of £3.00 (peak) and £2.20 (off-peak) (low fare scenario).

On the Edinburgh side, all hovercraft tickets were sold by a Lothian Transport subsidiary, with identical ticket machines being used for on-bus ticket sales and hovercraft queue ticket sales. It is doubted that Lothian would be able notify which ticket machine was used where. However, Lothian would know the total sales and should have totals by fares (adult/child). There will be no adult/child split per hovercraft trip as the only figure recorded was a count of people with boarding passes getting on the hovercraft. On the Fife side, for any passengers buying their tickets on buses, there would be no record of whether they then changed to the hovercraft or not.

Also missing are the pre-booking figures for commuters, particularly on evening trips in the second week. It is believed that all trips on Saturday 28th were pre-bookable and this may have put-off casual passengers on the final day. It does explain the reduction in load factor this day.

2.1.5 Hovercraft Operational Statistics

It was assumed that hovercraft operational statistics from the hovercraft trial would be provided by Stagecoach in the format noted in Appendix D.

However, Alistair MacLeod's presentation (see Section 2.1.1), contained the following notes:

- Problems experienced during the trial:
 - The hovercraft had to be re-positioned along the Kirkcaldy beach with overnight surveillance
 - At Portobello the leading edge of the Rolatrac began to float at high tide despite being anchored. This had to be buried in the sand.
- Re-fuelling occurred during the 10 min turnarounds.
- Key statistics:
 - Fuel consumption = 150.5 litres per roundtrip.
 - Hovercraft Fuel per passenger = 1.36 litres

The operational statistics received from Stagecoach indicate that the hovercraft achieved a fuel consumption of 290 litres/hour at an operational speed of 37 knts (see Appendix D). This would give an annual fuel cost of £511,166 at the quoted 45.9ppl. for 2 hovercraft over the 11.2 nautical mile journey (30min peak / hourly off-peak service). This compares favourably against Hyder's original business plan assumptions of 669 litres/hour at an operational speed of 35 knts at 40ppl which gave an annual fuel cost of £1,083,463. However, this is still an insufficient saving to bring the service into profit and the service would still require an estimated annual subsidy of between £2.6 – 2.7m using forecast patronage figures.

The sensitivity of the service to fuel price can be seen by varying the fuel price against Stagecoach's quoted fuel consumption. A range of 35 to 50ppl gives annual fuel consumption costs for 2 hovercraft of between £388,900 and £555,600.

The crewing figures provided by Stagecoach (11no.) validate Hyder's Business Plan assumptions of 5 crew per hovercraft plus 6 land-based staff.

By removing payroll costs from Hyder's Business Plan and applying the hovercraft charter costs for the 2 week trial over an annual basis, this gives an annual hovercraft cost of £1,197,000. This figure would include for craft depreciation, accruals for interior and engine refits, maintenance, insurance, transport costs and profit and overheads. This is in line with Hyder's Business Plan allowance of £927,750 per hovercraft (exc. transport and profit) and thus is taken as a further validation of Hyder's Business Viability Assessment of a hovercraft service.

2.1.6 Trial Comments

It was assumed that non-passenger and passenger comments from the hovercraft trial would be provided by Stagecoach in the format noted in Appendix D (Trial Comments). None have been received to date.

2.2 Passenger Survey

Information provided by Stagecoach notes that 32,099 passengers were carried by the hovercraft (one-way). A total of 1,310 completed patronage questionnaires have been received.

The Passenger Survey responses were collated and reported under a separate commission. The report can be found in Appendix E.

Summary

A large number of people travelled in groups. The average group size was 2.90. Assuming that one person responded on behalf of the group, this indicates that the survey covered 11.8% of the total number of passengers (32,099). If it is assumed that all journeys were return trips then this doubles the response rate to 23.7%.

It can be concluded from the responses received that nearly half the people who responded were travelling on the hovercraft for the experience, rather than to trial the hovercraft as a potential method of commuting. Approximately 69% of people agreed or strongly agreed that the transport links in Fife were from the most appropriate place, compared with 77% from the Edinburgh side.

The times that the respondents would most frequently use the hovercraft service were fairly well distributed throughout the day, although the peak times were during 08.00 to 12.00, and 16.00 to 18.00. The average prices that patrons were prepared to pay for a single trip was £3.80. This rises to £5.08 when bus journeys to/from the hovercraft are included.

A large number of respondents (665 = 56%) arrived at the hovercraft trial by car. This is greater than the number of respondents who would have normally used their car to get to their final destination (535 = 45.1%)

It is recommended that if the hovercraft was to become a regular service then adequate parking provision and waiting areas should be made for a regular service.

It should also be noted that Napier University's Transport Research Institute (Tri) was also looking to improve the development and implementation of the Forthfast Hovercraft Link initiative. Hence, Stagecoach encouraged passengers to complete an online survey (http://www.forth-hovercraft.s-and-w.org/survey/). There was also an open blog (http://www.forth-hovercraft.s-and-w.org/blog/) which asked two basic questions:

- What do you think about implementing ferries across the Forth?
 - 22 Comments
- Please tell us your experience from your hovercraft ride.

2.3 Residents' Survey

A residents' survey was distributed to 2,200 addresses by post using a local delivery company. 231 responses were received. The full report can be found in Appendix F.

Summary

From the responses received that it is noted that 13% of residents objected to the hovercraft route remaining at the trial locations. Blocking the promenade and other environmental issues (ie noise; dust; car parking) seem to be the main causes of concern for the local residents (particularly at Portobello. It appears that local residents do not want to use the service for regular commuting purposes. This is possibly due to the high number of elderly people in the distribution area (38% are over the age of 60).

Local residents indicated that, on average, they would be prepared to pay £4.05 for a single hovercraft trip. This rises to £5.45 when bus journeys to/from the hovercraft are included.

It is recommended that if the hovercraft was to become a regular service then good pedestrian signage would help reduce noise and disruption on side streets which are off the access route. Also adequate parking provision should be made for a regular service.

2.4 Motion sensor data – Wolfson MTIA

It had been hoped that vertical accelerometer measurements would be allowed during the trial by Stagecoach but they restricted the measurements to the pre-trial test runs on 14th/15th July.

Wolfson MTIA (University of Southampton) was commissioned to undertake vertical accelerometer tests during the pre-trial test of 14th July. However a problem arose in the data measurements and the above restriction was relaxed. This allowed a further reading to be made on Wednesday 25th July.

The report from the test is incorporated in Appendix G.

Summary

The British Standard Incidence of Seasickness (BSI%) is a prediction of the percentage of passengers likely to be seasick. It is derived using the method described in BS6841:1987 and is based upon measurements and data from mixed groups of passengers on ferries. Measurements were taken at the forward and middle of the passenger seating area.

The sea state on Saturday 14th July was slight, varying from between 0 - 0.5m with a westerly wind speed between 15 – 25 knots. On Wednesday

25th there was no discernable sea state with a southerly wind of approximately 5 knots.

The accelerometer tests picked up very little energy in the ship motion regime (0 - 5 Hz) due to the slight sea states. This resulted in a low Sickness Incidence rate of 1% for seated passengers. However, at this level, the nauseous effect is unlikely to translate into actual vomiting due to the short travel time.

DNV Comfort Class is a systematic evaluation of the comfort on different types of ships in the 5-100Hz range. A poor DNV classification will not lead to seasickness as such, but discomfort due to vibration (mainly due to touch, but due to incidental noise as well). However, in all cases, passenger seating comfort was rated as HIGH (CR1). Measurements taken on the floor gave a rating of GOOD (CR2) except during the 14:30hrs crossing on 25^{th} July when it dropped to ACCEPTABLE (CR3) due to the poorer sea state. However, this would vary throughout the vessel due to structural response as well as the direction of travel with respect to the direction of the sea state.

There were significant accelerations at the higher frequencies due to normal hovercraft vibration but this would not necessarily translate into passenger discomfort.

2.5 Noise surveys by Fife & Edinburgh Councils

Fife and Edinburgh Councils are undertook independent noise monitoring of the trial at Kirkcaldy and Seafield respectively. None have been received to date but when they are supplied they will be incorporated into the report Appendix H.

3 Conclusions

- 1) With a total of 32,099 passenger trips, the trial attracted greater patronage than Stagecoach had originally anticipated. This gives an average daily patronage over the trial of 2,675 ppd which compares favourably with the breakeven patronage required of 2,305 ppd.
- 2) The average revenue generated by the trial from fare-paying passengers was £2.81. The fare for a breakeven patronage is £3.85 as modelled by the Hyder Business Viability Assessment.
- 3) Average journey time was recorded as 17 mins with an operating speed of 37 knots.
- 4) The operational statistics received from Stagecoach indicate that the hovercraft achieved a fuel consumption of 290 litres/hour at an operational speed of 37 knts (see Appendix D). This would give an annual fuel cost of £511,166 at the quoted 45.9ppl. for 2 hovercraft over the 11.2 nautical mile journey (30min peak / hourly off-peak service). This compares favourably against Hyder's original business plan assumptions of 669 litres/hour at an operational speed of 35 knts at 40ppl which gave an annual fuel cost of £1,083,463.
- 5) The crewing figures provided by Stagecoach (11no.) validate Hyder's Business Plan assumptions of 5 crew per hovercraft plus 6 land-based staff.
- 6) By removing payroll costs from Hyder's Business Plan and applying the hovercraft charter costs for the 2 week trial over an annual basis, this gives an annual hovercraft cost of £1,197,000. This figure would include for craft depreciation, accruals for interior and engine refits, maintenance, insurance, transport costs and profit and overheads. This is in line with Hyder's Business Plan allowance of £927,750 per hovercraft (exc. transport and profit) and thus is taken as a further validation of Hyder's Business Viability Assessment of a hovercraft service.
- 7) From the 1,310 responses received to the Patronage Survey, nearly half the people who responded were travelling on the hovercraft for the experience, rather than to trial the hovercraft as a potential method of commuting. This shows that the advertising for the trial had worked and that hovercraft, despite having been used continuously in the UK for over 40 years, still have attractions when introduced to a new area. This indicates a willingness amongst people to try out a new service (just as they did on the Solent in 1961). It also, perhaps, reflects the timing of the trial in the summer holiday rather than in a more "neutral" month (say May or October).
- 8) Approximately 69% of passengers carried agreed or strongly agreed that the transport links in Fife were from the most appropriate place, compared with 77% from the Edinburgh side.

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- 9) Passenger seating comfort on the hovercraft was rated as HIGH although measurements were taken when the sea state was calm.
- 10) From the 231 responses received to the Residents' Survey that it is noted that 13% of residents objected to the hovercraft route remaining at the trial locations. Blocking the promenade and other environmental issues (ie noise; dust; car parking) seem to be the main causes of concern for the local residents (particularly at Portobello. It appears that local residents do not want to use the service for regular commuting purposes.
- 11) It is recommended that if the hovercraft was to become a regular service then good pedestrian signage would help reduce noise and disruption on side streets which are off the access route. Also adequate parking provision should be made for a regular service.

Appendix A

Data Collation Proposal







Cross Forth Passenger Ferry Study - Proposal



Hovercraft Trial Data Collation

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2 Proposal

The full passenger trial of the hovercraft service will run for two weeks from Monday 16 July to Saturday 28 July, excluding Sunday 22 July. A total of 22 services a day – 11 in each direction - will operate on the route, with peak-time services and integrated bus links to accommodate commuters looking to avoid congestion on the Forth Road Bridge. A 28-metre BHT130 hovercraft, manufactured by Isle of Wight-based Hoverwork Limited and incorporating the latest diesel engine technology, will be used for the trial. Further details are included in the news release included in Appendix A.

The Kirkcaldy site will be serviced by Stagecoach's existing 6, 6A, 7, X59 and X60 bus services which will stop at the Kirkcaldy departure point. There is also a park and ride facility for those arriving by car.

The Kirkcaldy landing site is located on the beach at the rear of the former Stagecoach bus depot at the west end of the Esplanade (see Fig.2.1)

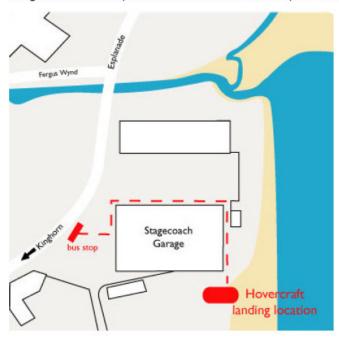


Fig.2.1 Kirkcaldy landing location

The Seafield landing site is located on the beach at the rear of the Lothian Bus Depot at Portobello, Edinburgh (see Fig.2.2)

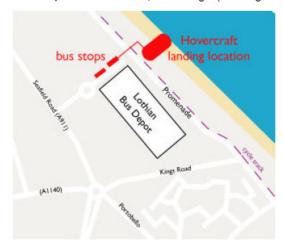


Fig.2.2 Seafield landing location

Shuttle bus services X90 and X91 operate between Portobello and Edinburgh city centre or Leith.

No car parking is available at Portobello and customers are advised to travel to Portobello by Lothian bus or park away from the site and arrive by foot.

This proposal is based on the work necessary to collect and collate the data from the trial. It does not include for any interpretation.

2.1 Noise surveys by Fife & Edinburgh Councils

Fife and Edinburgh Councils are undertaking independent noise monitoring of the trial at Kirkcaldy and Seafield respectively. It is assumed that their reports will be incorporated into the report without comment.

2.2 Stagecoach Information

SEStrans will require Stagecoach to provide information in accordance with Appendix B. It is assumed that the information will be supplied direct to Hyder for comment and incorporation into the report.

2.2.1 Trip Details

It is assumed that passenger numbers will be received in the format noted in Appendix B (Trip details) from Stagecoach and that these will be incorporated into the report.

2.2.2 Sea State observations

It is assumed that sea state observations will be received in the format noted in Appendix B (Trip details) from Stagecoach and that these will be incorporated into the report. It had been hoped that vertical accelerometer measurements would be allowed during the trial by Stagecoach but they have restricted the measurements to the pre-trial test runs on 14th/15th July.

Future comparison of sea state observations with the vertical accelerometer measurements may allow correlation with the response from the passenger questionnaire on the comfort levels experienced. However, this depends on sea state observations during the trial being close to those noted during the pre-trial tests. It will not be possible to verify any attempt at extrapolation.





2.2.3 Timetable compliance / variation information

It is assumed that timetable compliance / variation information will be received in the format noted in Appendix B (Trip details) from Stagecoach and that these will be incorporated into the report.

2.2.4 Patronage Information

It is assumed that financial details from the hovercraft trial will be provided by Stagecoach in the format noted in Appendix B (Financial details) and that these will be incorporated into the report.

2.2.5 Hovercraft Operational Statistics

It is assumed that hovercraft operational statistics from the hovercraft trial will be provided by Stagecoach in the format noted in Appendix B and that these will be incorporated into the report.

2.2.6 Trial Comments

It is assumed that non-passenger and passenger comments from the hovercraft trial will be provided by Stagecoach in the format noted in Appendix B (Trial Comments) and that these will be incorporated into the report.

2.3 Residents' Survey

A residents' survey will be undertaken by post using an address list to be supplied by Stagecoach with appropriate comment in the body of the report. A draft questionnaire is included in Appendix C.

2.4 Motion sensor data – Wolfson MTIA

As noted in section 2.3, Wolfson MTIA has been commissioned to undertake vertical accelerometer tests during the pre-trial test of $14^{th}/15^{th}$ July. (Client Instruction 22^{nd} June 2007 – Value: £2,300). Their report from this test will be incorporated as a separate Appendix within the Hovercraft Trial Data Collation Report.

2.5 Passenger Survey (Separate commission agreed)

The Passenger Survey responses are being collated and reported under a separate commission (Client Instruction 21st June 2007 - Value: £6,000). The report will be included as a separate Appendix within the Hovercraft Trial Data Collation Report with appropriate comment in the body of the report.

3 Proposal Outputs

The key output will be a report which will collect together the data received from the Residents' survey and from various third parties. In addition, the hovercraft patronage survey (provided under separate commission by Hyder) will be included as an appendix.

This proposal is based on the work necessary to collect and collate the data from the trial with comment. The report will not interpret the data.

If all reports are available within 4 weeks of trial completion, then a report will be produced a week later, 31 August 2007.

Appendix B

Stagecoach Website Information

Stagecoach Confirms Cross-Forth Hovercraft Trial Launch 19 June 2007

- · Two-week pilot study scheduled for July to test Kirkcaldy-Portobello link
- · Regular services and integrated bus links planned to help passengers
- · Scottish Executive and SEStran support test of innovative service
- · Services to offer public transport option during Forth Bridge closure

Stagecoach today (19 June 2007) confirmed plans for a full passenger trial of a cross-Forth hovercraft link next month.

The Perth-based international transport group will test a hi-tech130-passenger craft on a route between Kirkcaldy and Portobello for two weeks from Monday 16 July to Saturday 28 July.

A total of 22 services a day – 11 in each direction - will operate on the route, with convenient peak-time services and integrated bus links to accommodate commuters looking to avoid congestion on the Forth Road Bridge.

The £300,000 trial will cover part of the period of the Forth Bridge closure, giving commuters a further public transport alternative to the train in addition to existing regular bus services.

Brian Souter, Stagecoach Group Chief Executive, said: "We are delighted that after a huge amount of work, as well as strong support from statutory organisations and the local community, we are now able to get a hovercraft on the water.

"The Forth estuary is an underused resource and we are looking forward to giving people a chance to see the benefits this technology could bring to the region's communities, economy and public transport system. It is crucial we have a wide range of public transport options to cope with the increasing flow of people between Fife and the Edinburgh area."

A 28-metre BHT130 hovercraft, manufactured by Isle of Wight-based Hoverwork Limited and incorporating the latest diesel engine technology, will be used for the trial. The crossing time will be around 20 minutes and the craft, with normal operating speeds of approximately 35 knots, will be able to run in waves of up to two metres.

Passengers will be able to travel for the same price as existing bus fares, with return tickets from £4.50. Stagecoach's existing 6, 6A, 7, X59 and X60 bus services will stop at the Kirkcaldy departure point at the west end of the Esplanade. Link buses will operate from the Portobello landing point at rear of the Lothian Buses depot on the Promenade to both Leith and Edinburgh City Centre. Shuttle buses will also run from Edinburgh City Centre and Leith to the Portobello departure point.

The first service will leave Kirkcaldy at 7.10am, with the last service to Portobello departing at 6pm. Services from Portobello will operate between 7.35am and 6.30pm. No services will operate on Sunday 22 July. Full timetable, fares and bus link information is available on the web at www.stagecoachbus.com/fife/forthfast. Customers can also call 01592 642394 for further information.

Stagecoach estimates that running a two-craft operation would cost around £2million a year. Around 9,000 passengers a week - and up to 470,000 passengers a year - are estimated would use the service. While the service would require initial public investment, Stagecoach believes that within a few years passenger volumes could grow to make it commercially sustainable

Marine consultant Alistair Macleod has carried out detailed planning work on the hovercraft project on behalf of Stagecoach, including extensive discussions with public and statutory bodies. Scottish Natural Heritage has approved the pilot project and Stagecoach will be carrying out ongoing environmental impact studies, particularly in relation to bird life, during the two-week trial

The Scottish Executive, SEStran (the South East of Scotland Transport Partnership), and Fife and City of Edinburgh Councils – all of whom have given financial and other support to the project – today welcomed confirmation the trial was to go ahead.

SEStran Chair Councillor Russell Imrie said: "This trial hovercraft service is an example of the sort of creative thinking needed to provide South East Scotland with a 21st century transport system. That's why we are backing it with £92,000 of funding.

"A journey time of 20 minutes, followed by a short bus journey to the centre of Edinburgh, compares well with the time and effort of driving into the city - and doesn't include the added hassle of searching for parking.

"If the trial proves a success, the service could offer an additional travel option to commuters between Fife and Edinburgh that is fast, cheap and reliable. It will also contribute towards meeting SEStran's objectives of reducing traffic congestion and carbon emissions in the region."

Councillor Phil Wheeler, Executive Member for Transport, City of Edinburgh Council, and Chair of the Forth Estuary Transport Authority, said: "Millions of people around the world start their working day on a hovercraft or ferry. Providing commuters with innovative and attractive public transport options is critical to ensuring journeys are quick and stress-free, congestion is eased and pollution is cut. This has the potential to be a popular alternative to car journeys and ease growing pressures on the Forth Road Bridge."

Councillor Tony Martin, chair of Fife Council's Environment and Transportation Committee said: "We support this trial. Hopefully, people will be able to use the hovercraft for both leisure and business purposes. Anything that reduces the need for car travel is to be welcomed. I am sure everyone will want the trial to be successful."

Stagecoach Website Information (www.stagecoachbus.com/fife/forthfast.html)

Website Information Provided in advance of the trial

A new Forth Crossing

Stagecoach is offering you the chance to take part in a two week trial hovercraft service between Kirkcaldy and Portobello!

Services will operate hourly, with crossing times of an impressive 20 minutes. Connecting shuttle services are available at Portobello for travel to Waverley Bridge, Edinburgh and Ocean Terminal, Leith.

In order to make the trip as easy as possible, Stagecoach services 6, 6A, 7, X59 and X60 serve the terminal point in Kirkcaldy.

The hi-tech 130 passenger craft offers an alternative to the traffic congestion of the Forth Road Bridge without disrupting the local ecosystems. If the trial proves successful, it may be introduced as a permanent method of sustainable transport between Fife and Edinburgh.

This trial is part funded by SEStran, South East of Scotland Transport Partnership.

When can I catch the Forthfast?

Services operate hourly from Kirkcaldy and Portobello. Shuttle bus services X90 and X91 operate between Portobello and Edinburgh city centre or Leith.

Please note that the shuttle buses operate as service numbers

X90 (Portobello - Edinburgh city centre) and

X91 (Portobello - Ocean Terminal, Leith).

Edinburgh arrival / departure times shown are for Waverley Bridge. Leith arrival / departure times shown are for Ocean Terminal.











Mondays - Saturdays

Forthfast Kirkcaldy - Portobello

Kirkcaldy Portobello	0710 0730	0800 0820	0900 0920	1000 1020	1100 1120	1300 1320	1400 1420	1500 1520	1600 1620	1700 1720	1800 1820
connecting v	with shut	tle bus se	rvices for	Waverle	y Bridge, i	Edinburgi	h or Ocea	n Termin	al, Leith a	at Portob	ello
Portobello	0735	0825	0925	1025	1125	1325	1425	1525	1625	1725	1825
Edinburgh	0754	0844	0944	1044	1144	1344	1444	1544	1644	1744	1844
Leith		0845	0945	1045	1145	1345	1445	1545	1645	1745	1845

Forthfast Portobello - Kirkcaldy

shuttle bus services from Ocean Terminal, Leith or Waverley Bridge, Edinburgh.

Leith	0705	0800	0900	1000	1100	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800
Edinburgh	0705	0800	0900	1000	1100	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800
Portobello	0725	0820	0920	1020	1120	1320	1420	1520	1620	1720	1820
connecting with Forthfast hovercraft at Portobello											
_		/	,								
Portobello	0735	0830	0930	1030	1130	1330	1430	1530	1630	1730	1830

No Sunday Service

Services shown in red do not operate on a Saturday.

X90 Route Description

Marine Hovercraft Terminal (at Marine bus garage) then; Seafield Road East, Portobello Road, London Road, Cadzow Place, Regent Road, Waterloo Place, Princes Street, Waverley Bridge.

Return

Return via above route reversed.

Route variations

From Marine Terminal (at Marine bus garage) then; Seafield Road East, Portobello Road, London Road, Leith Walk, York Place Elder Street to Edinburgh bus station.

Variations on Demand

This service operates in conjunction with the Forthfast Hovercraft Service. In the event of cancellation of the Hovercraft service for an entire day, this bus service will not operate.

In the event of cancellation of the Hovercraft service part-way through the day, this bus service will continue to operate journeys to Marine Terminal only and convey passengers to Edinburgh bus station for transfer to Stagecoach in Fife bus services for onward travel. The route to Edinburgh bus station is via the above route.

X91 Route Description

Marine Hovercraft terminal, Seafield Road East, Seafield Road, Seafield place, Claremont Park, East Hermitage Place, Duke Street, Great Junction Street, Henderson Street, The Shore, Commercial Street, Britannia Way, Ocean Drive, Ocean Terminal.

Return

Return via above route reversed.

Route Variations

From Marine Terminal (at Marine bus garage) then; Seafield Road East, Portobello Road, Londodn Road, Leith Walk, York Place, Elder Street to Edinburgh bus station.

Variations on Demand

This service operates in conjunction with the Forthfast Hovercraft Service. In the event of cancellation of the Hovercraft service for an entire day, this bus service will not operate.

In the event of cancellation of the Hovercraft service part-way through the day, this bus service will continue to operate journeys to Marine Terminal only and convey passengers to Edinburgh bus station for transfer to Stagecoach in Fife bus services for onward travel. The route to Edinburgh bus station is via the above route.

Stopping Arrangements

This service will stop at all recognised stopping places.

For connecting times serving the Kirkcaldy terminal please use the drop down menu to the left and click on 6, 6A, 7, X59 or X60. You could even co-ordinate travel from Portobello to the Burntisland Games in Fife on Monday 16th July.

Where do I catch the Forthfast?

Travelling with Forthfast couldn't be easier!

The terminal in Kirkcaldy is situated at the west end of the Esplanade. If you are travelling to the hovercraft terminal by bus, services 6, 7, X59 and X60 will allow you to make your connection. Free parking is also available at Kirkcaldy terminal!

Portobello terminal is located behind the Lothian Buses depot on the promenade.

Dedicated shuttle services will operate from Portobello to Edinburgh city centre and Leith and are included in the cost of your Forthfast ticket. Please note that there are no parking facilities available at Portobello terminal.

To ensure that your return journey goes just as smoothly, you can catch a shuttle bus back from Waverley Bridge or Ocean Terminal.

Forthfast Ticket and Fares

	adult	child
single	£5.50	£2.75
return	£9.50	£4.75
off-peak return*	£4.50	£2.25

For those travelling to the Kirkcaldy Forthfast terminal by bus, tickets are the same price as a single/return bus fare between Fife and Edinburgh. They can be purchased on any connecting Stagecoach bus! For example...

	single	return	off-peak*
Kirkcaldy	£5.50	£9.50	£4.50
Glenrothes	£6.50	£9.50	£5.00
Cupar	£7.50	£9.50	-
Leven	£7.00	£9.50	-

^{*}off-peak returns are valid after 0900 Mon - Fri & all day Sat

Edinburgh megarider, all zone Multiride tickets and National Entitlement Concession cards are also valid on Forthfast.

All fares include a shuttle service between Portobello and Edinburgh city centre (X90) or Ocean Terminal, Leith (X91).

Boarding passes will be issued before departure. These should be retained for the duration of the journey along with bus tickets, if applicable.

Please note that Forthfast tickets can only be purchased on the day of boarding.

Hovercraft Gallery









Please note that the hovercraft journeys are not wheelchair accessible during this trial. Should a commercial service be introduced in the future, Stagecoach would ensure that the needs of wheelchair users are met.

Website Information Provided after the trial

More than 32,000 passengers travel on Kirkcaldy-Portobello service

- · Boost for economy as local retailers report increased shoppers
- · Regular commuters ditch car for quicker integrated transport link
- · Work starts on analysis of passenger data and customer surveys

Stagecoach's cross-Forth hovercraft service was hailed a "major operational success" today (29 July 2007) as work starts to evaluate the two-week trial.

More than 32,000 passengers used the Forthfast service between Kirkcaldy and Portobello during the £300,000 trial, according to final figures released today.

Both commuters and leisure travellers tested the fast 20-minute crossing, with many motorists deciding to ditch the car in favour of an integrated hovercraft and bus journey from Fife to Edinburgh.

Retailers on both sides of the Forth have also reported increased footfall and sales during the trial, which has been part-funded by SEStran (the South East of Scotland Transport Partnership).

Robert Andrew, Regional Director for Stagecoach Scotland, said: "The two-week trial has been a major operational success. It has been incredibly informative in helping to shape a new public transport alternative that delivers what customers want.

"The hovercraft has attracted a wide range of passengers and we have carried commuters, tourists, cyclists, wheelchair users and families with children in pushchairs.

We have been particularly encouraged by the morning commuter journeys, which have risen steadily over the past two weeks, with a number operating at full capacity.

"During the trial, we have collected a wealth of passenger data and customer feedback. We look forward to working in partnership with SEStran, the Scottish Executive, as well as the Fife and City of Edinburgh Councils, to establish whether there is a business case to create a permanent cross Forth transport link."

Councillor Russell Imrie, Chair of SEStran, said: "This trial helps to prove the case that cross-Forth travel using the under-used waterway could be a success. This trial has demonstrated that there is a core commuter demand that could be built on and also a considerable potential for leisure trips to supplement the business case.

"We look forward to analysing the results of the trial in the context of the wider study into the viability and preferred option for a regular, year round cross-Forth service."

The hovercraft service has included dedicated bus shuttle links from Portobello to Leith and Edinburgh city centre. Nearly 9,000 travellers used the shuttle bus to travel to Waverley Bridge, with around 7,000 passengers heading to Ocean Terminal, providing a welcome boost to local business.

Dennis Jones, Centre Manager, Ocean Terminal, said: "The hovercraft service from Fife seems to be a winner. Several retailers have reported new visitors coming to the centre for the first time and enjoying a day out via the hovercraft trip. It's been an excellent boost for the summer holidays for Ocean Terminal."

Most trips on the 28-metre 130-passenger hovercraft - manufactured by Isle of Wight-based Hoverwork Limited - have been full and the average load factor of the service for the trial was more than 85%.

The hovercraft made the crossing in an average of just 17 minutes – three minutes faster than its scheduled journey time – and coped well in stormy conditions on the first day of service when it met a Force 6 gale and two metre waves.

Mr Andrew added: "We have been delighted with the performance of the hovercraft, which has been supported by a superb crew and a dedicated customer service and operational team on the ground."

A total of 22 scheduled services a day - 11 in each direction - operated during the trial, with additional trips at extremely busy periods. The trial ran from Monday 16 July to Saturday 28 July, excluding Sunday 22 July.

Stagecoach estimates that running a two-craft operation would cost around £2million a year. Around 9,000 passengers a week - and up to 470,000 passengers a year – are estimated would use the service. While the service would require initial public investment, Stagecoach believes that within a few years passenger volumes could grow to make it commercially sustainable.

This trial is part funded by **SEStran**, South East of Scotland Transport Partnership.





The BHT-130 Hovercraft



Hovertravel are proud to be participating with Stagecoach and SEStran in this 2 week trial across the Forth from Kirkcaldy to Portobello with their BHT-130 hovercraft. We hope that the hovercraft will demonstrate its potential to provide an alternative means to cross the Forth and encourage both commuters and leisure travellers to consider this as an alternative option.

The hovercraft is a British invention by the engineer Sir Cristopher Cockrell. The prototype was completed by Saunders Roe at Cowes on the Isle of Wight in 1959. The hovercraft is an ideal alternative to conventional fast ferries where harbour and pontoon facilities are either not practicable or are too expensive to construct.

Hovertravel have operated a service from the beach at Ryde on the Isle of Wight to Southsea beach for 42 years and have carried over 21 million passengers during that period. Three different types of craft have been used during that period as design improvements and engine developments have progressed. The culmination of all Hovertravel's operational experience has been embodied in the latest BHT-130 craft being used for the trial. The craft has been built at Hovertravel's subsidiary company Hoverwork's factory at St Helen's on Isle of Wight.

Hovercraft built on the Isle of Wight have been used in many different roles throughout the world. It is widely used in the oil exploration industry for seismic surveys, Coastguard rescue operations on the west coast of Canada and most recently in Alaska with another BHT-130, built under licence in Seattle USA, for the transportation of passengers and an ambulance from a remote community.

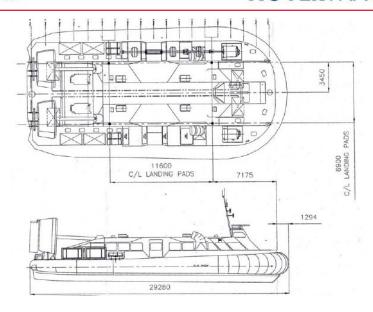








HOVERTRAVEL



BHT-130 Technical details

Amphibious Passenger Craft Duty

Crew Pilot and one crew in control cabin + 2 crew in passenger cabin

Seating 131 passengers, main cabin

Length OA -Beam OA -28M 15M Dimensions

Operating Speed 35 knots

MACHINERY

 $2\ X\ MTU\ 12V2000\text{-R}1237K37,$ water cooled, turbo charged diesels, $672\ bhp$ at $1800\ rpm$ Lift Engines

Lift Fans

 $2~{\rm pairs},~{\rm centrifugal}~{\rm fans},~{\rm each}~{\rm pair}~{\rm consisting}~{\rm of}~{\rm one}~1180~{\rm mm}~(46.5~{\rm in})~{\rm diameter}~{\rm fan}~{\rm and}~{\rm one}~1067~{\rm mm}~(35~{\rm in})~{\rm diameter}~{\rm fan},~{\rm one}~{\rm pair}~{\rm each},~{\rm port}~{\rm and}~{\rm starboard},~{\rm for}~{\rm bow}~{\rm thrusters}~{\rm and}~{\rm engine}~{\rm cooling}.~{\rm Four}~{\rm pairs},~1067~{\rm mm}~(35~{\rm in})~{\rm diameter}~{\rm centrifugal}~{\rm fans},~{\rm two}~{\rm pairs}~{\rm each},~{\rm port}~{\rm and}~{\rm starboard}~{\rm for}~{\rm lift}$

Propulsion Engines

2 X MTU 16V2000-R1637K37, water cooled, turbo charged, diesels, 899 bhp at 1800 rpm .The pulley teeth on the belt drives are calculated to give 1200 rpm at the propellers

Propellers 2 five bladed, Hoffmann 3,5 m diam variable pitch propellers

Appendix C

Stagecoach Trial Patronage

Hovercraft Trial Information required from Stagecoach

Trip Details

Kirkca	Kirkcaldy							Seafield													
Load Time	Depart Time (h	(irk.)	Journey Time	Arriv Time		Sea State	Unload Time	Pax. N	os.		Load Time	Depart Time (S	Seaf.)	Journey Time	Arrive Time (K	irk.)	Sea State	Unload Time	Pax. N	os.	
(min)			(min)	(Sea	f.)		(min)				(min)			(min)				(min)			
	Programmed	Actual						Adult	Child	Total		Programmed	Actual		Programmed	Actual			Adult	Child	Total
								•													

Patronage Details

Stagecoach Ticketing

	Adult			Child		
	Numbers	Purchased on Ferry %	Purchased on Bus %	Numbers	Purchased on Ferry %	Purchased on Bus %
Return Tickets Peak						
Return Tickets Off-Peak						
Single						
Sub-Total						
Other		•	•		•	•
Total Numbers						

Information provided by Stagecoach



Hovercraft Trial 23-28 July

	Passengers Carried	Morning Commuters	Accumulated total	Sectors	Load Factor	Average Crossing time	Connec Bus Passen	s	
							X90	X91	F7 30KTS NE/ENE Mon 16 July 2.5M 0700-1100 waves
Mon 16-Jul Tue 17-Jul Wed 18-Jul Thu 19-Jul Fri 20-Jul Sat 21-Jul	2,902 3,051 2,481 2,622	100 122 211 156 126	5,156 8,207 10,688 13,310 16,116	24 26 26 24 24 24	72.24% 85.86% 90.27% 79.52% 84.04% 89.94%	18.63 17.50 18.75 18.63 17.50 15.96	608 630 566 755 859 984	667 581 599 426 506 601	1100-1300 10KTS NE veering S CALM CALM F3 NE F3 NE F3 NE F3-4 N/NE
	Total for wk	715	16,116	148	83.76%	17.83	4,402	3,380	[
Mon 23-Jul Tue 24-Jul Wed 25-Jul Thu 26-Jul Fri 27-Jul Sat 28-Jul	2788 2893 2771 2575	246 280 331 297 344	18,929 21,717 24,610 27,381 29,956 32,099	24 24 24 24 22 22	90.16% 89.36% 92.72% 88.81% 90.03% 74.93%	16.21 16.33 16.08 15.79 15.68 17.91	716 885 1053 980 930 383	421 368 518 362 430 387	F1-2 VARIABLE F2-3 VARIABLE F3 SE F4 SW F6 SW-WSW F5-6 W 22KNOTS
	Total for wk	1498	32,099	140	87.82%	16.33	4,947	2,486	
	TOTAL for Trial Period	2,213	32,099	288	85.73%	17.08	9,349	5,866	
	Weekday Passengers	27,150					TOTAL	15,215	
	Commuter share on 0710-0830 services	8.15%					Percentage who used buses	47%	
	Av Load Factor on 2 roundtrips	42.56%						<u> </u>	-

Mon 16 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr Time pax carried	0710 711 731 20 39	0800 803 822 19	0900 900 920 20 70	1000 1011 1032 21 122	1100 1118 1135 17 129	1300 1259 1317 18	1400 1400 1417 18 128	1500 1459 1517 18 128	1600 1600 1618 18	1700 1659 1716 17	1800 1800 1817 18	1853 1853 1910 17	18.42	
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time pax carried	0735 737 757 20 23	0830 828 850 22 9	0930 932 953 21 64	1030 1045 1107 22 132	1130 1130 1147 17 131	16 1330 1331 1349 18 130	1430 1430 1447 17 129	1530 1529 1547 18 129	1630 1630 1647 17 129	1730 1730 1749 19	1830 1828 1845 17 128	1917 1935 18 37 1171	18.83	
										Av. Load Factor 72.24%	Av. Pax per Trip 94		v.Trip Time (mins) 18.63	
Tues 17 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr Time pax carried	0710 709 725 16 34	0800 800 816 16 38	0900 900 914 16	1000 1000 1015 17 125	1055 1114 19 130	1155 1213 18 126	1252 1307 18 125	1347 1402 15 123	1440 1454 14 121	1535 1552 17 130	1635 1652 18 125	1740 1755 15 131	1837 1853 16 130	17.92
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time pax carried	0735 735 747 12	0830 830 846 16	0930 931 947 16 97	1030 1030 1045 16	1130 1125 1144 19 128	1225 1241 16 130	1320 1335 15 131	1415 1429 14 126	1506 1522 16 129	1605 1621 16 130	1710 1725 15 129	1810 1823 13	1464 1903 1924 21 130	17.08
													1438 Total Pax.	Av.Trip Time (mins) 17.50
Wed 18 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr Time pax carried	0710 710 724 14	0800 800 816 16	0900 855 912 17	954 1010 17 129	1100 1112 12 128	1155 1214 19 129	1253 1310 17 127	1351 1408 17 126	1445 1502 17 127	1541 1600 19 130	1640 1657 17 129	1737 1756 19	1835 1855 20 126	18.42
Scheduled Dep	0735	0830	0930	1030					Shuttle sei	wice			1556	
Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time pax carried	732 747 15 35	830 845 15 30	926 944 18	1025 1043 18 131	1125 1140 15 131	1224 1242 18 129	1323 1342 19 133	1419 1435 16 131	1512 1530 18 131	1610 1629 19 131	1708 1728 20 131	1806 1825 19 131	1905 1924 19 118	19.08
											Av. Load Factor 90.27%	Av. Pax per Trip 117	1495 Total Pax. 3051	Av.Trip Time (mins) 18.75
Thurs 19 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr Time pax carried	0710 711 729 18 51	0800 801 819 18	0900 900 924 24 130	1	1000 1010 1028 18 126	1100 1115 1132 17 120	1200 1240 1255 15	1300 1335 1354 19	1400 1432 1451 19	1500 1530 1549 19	1600 1631 1651 20 128	1700 1737 1747 10 130	1800 1822 1841 19	18.00
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time pax carried	0735 734 755 21 22	0830 831 851 20 23	0930 935 959 24 130	1	1030 1037 1058 18 127	1130 1210 1225 15 129	1230 1305 1324 19 128	1330 1404 1423 19 123	1430 1501 1520 19	1530 1600 1619 19	1630 1658 1718 20 121	1730 1756 1817 19 89	1310 1830 1847 1905 18 20	19.25
pax cameu	22	20	130		127	123	120	123	129	130	Av. Load Factor	Av. Pax per Trip	1171 Total Pax.	Av.Trip Time (mins)
Fri 20 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr Time pax carried	0710 710 720 10 38	0800 800 820 20 47	0900 855 912 17 130	1	1000 952 1110 18 128	1100 1104 1122 18	1200 1200 1216 16	1300 1253 1310 17	1400 1355 1413 18 129	1500 1500 1516 16	1600 1552 1610 18	1700 1700 1717 17 17	1800 1800 1816 16	18.63
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time pax carried	0735 735 754 19 24	0830 830 848 18 17	0930 924 943 19 130	1 1 1	1030 1028 1047 18	1130 1130 1149 19	1230 1223 1242 19 130	1330 1330 1347 17 130	1430 1430 1445 15 130	1530 1523 1542 19 130	1630 1627 1647 20 127	1730 1730 1746 19 130	1336 1830 1828 1845 17 78	18.25
											Av. Load Factor	Av. Pax per Trip	1286 Total Pax.	Av.Trip Time (mins)
Sat 21 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr Time pax carried	0710	0800 755 812 17 130	0900 905 922 17 130	1	1000 1001 1020 19 129	1100 1102 1119 17	1200 1156 1212 16	1300 1301 1320 19	1400 1401 1419 18 128	1500 1500 1516 16 130	109 1600 1600 1616 16 16	84.04% 1700 1700 1715 15	1800 1758 1814 16 128	17.5
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time pax carried	0735	0830 835 857 22 124	0930 905 922 17 130	1 1 1	1030 1030 1047 17 128	1130 1130 1145 15	1230 1222 1240 18 130	1330 1330 1352 22 130	1430 1430 1449 19 128	1530 1530 1544 14 130	1630 1630 1646 16	1730 1726 1745 18 130	1422 1830 1825 1844 19	16.42
											Av. Load Factor	Av. Pax per Trip	1384 Total Pax. 2806	Av.Trip Time (mins)

Mon 16 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr	0710 712 727	0800 801 816	0900 900 918	1000 1000 1016	1100 1050 1106	1200 1152 1211	1300 1255 1309	1400 1355 1416	1500 1458 1515	1600 1556 1612	1700 1655 1711	1800 1803 1819	10.50
Fime pax carried	15 71	15 99	18 130	16 130	16 128	19 130	14 130	21 130	17 130	16 128	16 130	16 101 1437	16.58
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Fime Dax carried	0735 736 750 14 21	0830 830 845 15	0930 929 945 16	1030 1025 1042 17 130	1130 1115 1130 15 130	1230 1229 1240 11	1330 1325 1340 15	1430 1428 1442 14 130	1530 1530 1547 17	1630 1622 1640 18	1730 1734 1755 21 130	1830 1828 1845 17 130	15.83
oax carried	21	55	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	Av. Load Factor	Av. Pax per Trip	1376	Av.Trip Time (mins)
Fues 24 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep	0710 710	0800 801	0900 856	1000 957	1100 1055	1200 1155	1300 1300	1400 1351	1500 1451	90.16% 1600 1559	117.2083 1700 1659	2813 1800 1800	16.21 Last Week
Actual PBO arr Time pax carried	728 18 83	820 19 128	912 16 130	1012 15 130	1115 20 130	1213 18 129	1315 15 130	1407 16 130	1506 15 133	1616 17 130	1713 14 130	1814 14 83 1466	16.42
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time	0735 737 755 18	0830 830 849 19	0930 924 940 16	1030 1026 1043 17	1130 1123 1145 22	1230 1226 1243 17	1330 1326 1341 15	1430 1425 1440 15	1530 1528 1545 17	1630 1630 1644 14	1730 1730 1743 13	1830 1828 1840 12	16.25
oax carried	24	45	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	Av. Load Factor	129 Av. Pax per Trip	84 1322 Total Pax.	Av time Av.Trip Time (mins
Ned 25 Jul Scheduled Dep	0710	0800	0900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	89.36%	116 1700	2788 1800	16.33 Last Week
Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr Fime Dax carried Bicycles	710 726 16 84 2	800 817 17 129 1	900 914 14 130	955 1013 18 130 1 X whc	1054 1112 18 130	1200 1219 19 130	1300 1318 18 130	1355 1409 14 129	1455 1510 15 130	1600 1618 18 130	1700 1717 17 130	1802 1819 17 122 1504	16.75
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time	0735 732 747 15	0830 831 847 16	0930 926 941 15	1030 1026 1043 17	1130 1130 1147 17	1230 1239 1249 10	1330 1326 1346 20	1430 1422 1435 13	1530 1530 1545 15	1630 1630 1649 19	1730 1733 1749 16	1830 1831 1848 12	15.42
oax carried Bicycles	36 3	82 0	130 1 X WHC	130	130	130	130	130	130	Av. Load Factor	Av. Pax per Trip	101 1389 Total Pax.	Av time Av.Trip Time (mins
										92.72%	121	2893	16.08
Thurs 26 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr Time	0710 710 722 12	0800 800 812 12	0900 <i>900</i> <i>921</i> 14	1000 1000 <i>1016</i> 16	1100 <i>1059</i> 1116 17	1200 1201 1220 19	1300 1256 1313 17	1400 1402 1418 16	1500 1501 1520 19	1600 1600 1618 18	1700 1700 1717 17	1800 1800 1816 16	16.08
pax carried Bicycles	66 3	127		130 1 X whc	130	130	130	130	130	130	129	61 1423	
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time Dax carried	0735 734 748 14 37	0830 830 845 15	0930 932 947 15	1030 1030 1045 15 130	1130 1130 1147 17 130	1230 1230 1248 18 129	1330 1329 1346 17 130	1430 1432 1450 18 130	1530 1531 1548 17 129	1630 1630 1646 16	1730 1739 1751 12 130	1830 1828 1841 12 76	15.5
Bicycles	3	0	130	130	130	123	100	100	123	Av. Load Factor	Av. Pax per Trip	1348	Av time Av.Trip Time (mins
FRI 27 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr	0710 710 722	0800 800 812	0900 900 921	1000 1000 <i>1016</i>	1100 1059 1116	1200 1201 1220	1300 1256 1313	1400 1402 1418	1500 1501 1520	1600	115 1700 1700 1717	1800 1800 1816	15.79
ime p <mark>ax carried</mark> Bicycles	12 84	12 127	14 130	16 130	17 130	19 130	17 129	16 129	19 132	0	17 123	16 61 1305	15.91
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time Dax carried	0735 734 748 14	0830 830 845 15	0930 932 947 15	1030 1030 1045 15 132	1130 1130 1147 17 133	1230 1230 1248 18 132	1330 1329 1346 17	1430 1432 1450 18 133	1530 1531 1548 17	1630	1730 1739 1751 12 132	1830 1828 1841 12 76	15.45
Bicycles	42	31	102	132	100	102	100	100	134	Av. Load Factor	Av. Pax per Trip	1270	Av time Av.Trip Time (mins)
Sat 28 Jul Scheduled Dep Actual KDY dep Actual PBO arr Time	0710	0800 800 818 18	0900 900 918 18	1000 1000 1018 18	1100 1058 1116 18	1200 1200 1218 18	1300 1300 1317 17	1400 1401 1420 19	1500 1504 1520 16	90.03% 1600 1604 1621 17	117 1700 1701 1720 19	2575 1800 1800 1815 17	15.68
oax carried Bicycles	0735	57 0830	113	112	129	129	127	129	121	69 1630	62	46 1094 1830	
Scheduled Dep Actual PBO dep Actual KDY arr Time Dax carried	0/35	0830 830 847 17 23	930 930 945 15 56	1030 1027 1045 18 84	1130 1127 1146 19 80	1230 1230 1250 20 67	1330 1330 1350 20 117	1430 1434 1452 18 131	1530 1533 1552 19 129	1630 1633 1652 19 129	1730 1734 1752 18 123	1830 1827 1833 16 110	18.09
Bicycles										Av. Load Factor	Av. Pax per Trip	1049	Av time Av.Trip Time (mins)
										74.93%	97	2143	17.91

Appendix D

Other Information from Stagecoach

Hovercraft Trial Information required from Stagecoach

Hovercraft Operational Statistics

Number of Craft (Trial)

Crew Numbers

Annual Payroll Cost per crew

Passenger Capacity

Maximum Speed

Operating Speed

Fuel Type

Fuel Density

Fuel Cost (£/litre)

Fuel Consumption at Maximum Speed

Fuel Consumption at Operating Speed

Annual Operating Hours (Estimated)

Annual Fuel Consumption (Estimated)

Annual Lubrication Cost (*Estimated*)

Downtime for maintenance (days per year) (Estimated)

Annual Maintenance (Estimated)

Annual Insurance Cost

Annual Inspection Cost

Capital Cost (New)

Annual Accrual for Cabin Refurbishment

Annual Accrual for Engine Replacement

Trial Comments

Non-Passengers (ie Local Residents)	Commendatio	n	Complaint	
	Number	Sample Text	Number	Sample Text
Letters/Fax				
Email				
Other				
Total				

Passengers	Commendation		Complaint	
	Number	Sample Text	Number	Sample Text
Letters/Fax				
Emails				
Other				
Total				

Total £1,673.15 £4,713.03
£21,257.99 £14,206.16 £22,596.76 £0.00 £22,479.10
£86,926.18

Hovercraft Operational Statistics		Trial	
Number of Craft (Trial)		1	
Crew Numbers	craft	11	
	shore		
	engineers		
Annual Payroll Cost per crew			
Passenger Capacity		130	
Maximum Speed		45kts	
Operating Speed		37kts	
Fuel Type		MSGO	
Fuel Density			
Fuel Cost (£/litre)		0.459	
Fuel Consumption at Maximum Speed			
Fuel Consumption at Operating Speed		290	l/hr
Annual Operating Hours (Estimate)	at sea	171	hrs
Annual Fuel Consumption (Estimate)	trial	49,908	litres
Annual Lubrication Cost (Estimate)			
Downtime for maintenance (days per year) (Estimate)			
Annual Maintenance (Estimate)			
Charter Cost - included crew costs and maintenance	£K	64.5	
Annual Insurance Cost			
Annual Inspection Cost			
Capital Cost (New) including spares			
Annual Accrual for Cabin Refurbishment			
Annual Accrual for Engine Replacement			
	Number of Craft (Trial) Crew Numbers Annual Payroll Cost per crew Passenger Capacity Maximum Speed Operating Speed Fuel Type Fuel Density Fuel Cost (£/litre) Fuel Consumption at Maximum Speed Fuel Consumption at Operating Speed Annual Operating Hours (Estimate) Annual Fuel Consumption (Estimate) Annual Lubrication Cost (Estimate) Downtime for maintenance (days per year) (Estimate) Annual Maintenance (Estimate) Charter Cost - included crew costs and maintenance Annual Insurance Cost Annual Inspection Cost Capital Cost (New) including spares Annual Accrual for Cabin Refurbishment	Number of Craft (Trial) Crew Numbers craft Crew Numbers craft Shore engineers Annual Payroll Cost per crew Passenger Capacity Maximum Speed Operating Speed Fuel Type Fuel Density Fuel Cost (£/litre) Fuel Consumption at Maximum Speed Fuel Consumption at Operating Speed Annual Operating Hours (£stimate) Annual Fuel Consumption (Estimate) Annual Lubrication Cost (£stimate) Downtime for maintenance (days per year) (Estimate) Annual Maintenance (Estimate) Charter Cost - included crew costs and maintenance Annual Insurance Cost Annual Inspection Cost Capital Cost (New) including spares Annual Accrual for Cabin Refurbishment	Number of Craft (Trial) Crew Numbers Annual Payroll Cost per crew Passenger Capacity Maximum Speed Operating Speed Fuel Type Fuel Cost (£/litre) Fuel Consumption at Maximum Speed Fuel Consumption at Operating Speed Annual Operating Hours (£stimate) Annual Fuel Consumption (£stimate) Annual Fuel Consumption (£stimate) Annual Lubrication Cost (£stimate) Downtime for maintenance (days per year) (£stimate) Annual Maintenance (£stimate) Charter Cost - included crew costs and maintenance Annual Insurance Cost Annual Inspection Cost Capital Cost (New) including spares Annual Accrual for Cabin Refurbishment

Pickaquoy Conference Centre, Kirkwall, Orkney

Presentation by Alistair MacLeod

Alistair Macleod (on behalf of Stagecoach) gave a presentation to the Transport Day Conference on Monday 3rd September at Pickaquoy Conference Centre, Kirkwall, Orkney. This conference was coordinated and co-sponsored by:

Napier University Transport Research Institute (TRi)

Orkney Science Festival

Alistair's presentation was contained in Session IV entitled:

SESSION IV: FERRY OPERATIONS AND MODAL SHIFT INITIATIVES

The presentation slides can be obtained from the website:

http://www.orkney-tri-transport-day.s-and-w.org/session.php?id=4

However, extracts from his presentation included the following information:

- Kirkcaldy was chosen because of a suitable beach with easy access and 1,200m2 of parking and waiting area within the bus terminal.
- > Portobello had similar considerations although the bus depot is owned by Lothian Buses.
- Scottish National Heritage required a bird impact study and bird count during the winter together with on-board surveillance during the trial. There is an ongoing survey by environmental consultants Young Associates.
- ➤ A Noise Impact report on BHT-130 craft in the USA was submitted to Edinburgh and Fife Councils.
- ➤ Site preparation included security fencing to the High Water mark and Rolatrac Composite Surfacing (laid in 4 days). At Portobello the landing area had to be raised by 450mm.
- ➤ Hovercraft benefits on the Forth compared with catamarans were listed as:
 - Beach to beach from Kirkcaldy to Portobello
 - No major infrastructure requirements
 - Adjacent to Bus networks at both locations
- On Monday 16th July the service commences at 07:10hrs with a Wind Force 7 ENE at 30knots and seas up to 2.5m
- ➤ Fare comparison indicated a bus equivalent from Kirkcaldy to Edinburgh of £9.00 return (Off-peak £4.50) on 6; 7; X59 & X60 services. Train from Kirkcaldy to Waverley day return of £10.30 (Off-Peak £7.10).
- Comparative Journey times were:

- o Bus Kirkcaldy Edinburgh 65 90 mins
- Train Kirkcaldy Waverley 35 52 mins
- Hovercraft + Bus = 18 + 18 = 36 mins
- Problems experienced during the trial were:
 - The hovercraft had to be re-positioned along the Kirkcaldy beach with overnight survellance
 - At Portobello the leading edge of the Rolatrac began to float at high tide despite being anchored. This had to be buried in the sand.
- ➤ Re-fuelling occurred during the 10 min turnarounds.
- Wheelchair passengers were accommodated with the use of a stair climber (1st on the 21st July).
- Key statistics:
 - o 32,099 passengers carried in 12 days
 - o On 288 trips @ 85.7% load factor
 - Only two trips cancelled during entire trial (fault corrected in 45 mins)
 - 2,213 passengers on 20 commuter services between 07:10 & 08:30 hrs
 - Fuel consumption = 150.5 litres per roundtrip.
 - Bus Links operated by Lothian Buses:
 - 15,215 passengers carried in 12 days
 - 9,349 to city Centre
 - 5,866 to Ocean Terminal
 - 47% of passengers used buses
 - 53% on local or roundtrips
- > Environmental comparison:
 - Hovercraft Fuel per passenger = 1.36 litres
 - By car Kirkcaldy Portobello = 32 miles
 - Average Car Occupancy = 1.3 people
 - Average car fuel consumption = 40 mpg
 - Car Consumption per passenger= 2.78 litres
 - Conclusion: Hovercraft / Car (Fuel Consumption per passenger)
 = 49%
- > Route choices:
 - Kirkcaldy Leith (Hovercraft
 - Ramp required at Kirkcaldy

- Ramp required at Leith over breakwater
- Good Car parking at Leith
- Shorert Bus Journey to City Centre
- Quicker when tram service introduced
- Burntisland Granton (Catamaran / Monohull)
 - Pontoon Facilities required at Burntisland
 - Pontoon Facilities required at Granton
 - Limited Car parking at Granton
 - Longer Bus Journey to City Centre
 - Quicker when tram service introduced
- Rosyth Granton (Catamaran / Monohull)
 - Pontoon Facilities required at Rosyth
 - Pontoon Facilities required at Granton
 - Longer Bus Journey to City Centre
 - Quicker when tram service introduced
- Rosyth Cramond (Hovercraft)
 - Ramp required at Rosyth
 - Ramp required at Cramond
 - Longer Bus Journey to City Centre
- Kirkcaldy Portobello
 - Ramp required at Kirkcaldy
 - Ramp required at Portobello
 - Car parking required at Portobello
 - Short Bus Journey to City Centre
 - Minimal Road Congestion

Appendix E

Patronage Survey Report

Appendix F

Residents' Survey Report

Appendix G

Wolfson Unit Vertical Acceleration Report



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Report No. 1994 30th July 2007

HYDER CONSULTING LTD.

Motion Measurements on a passenger hovercraft

1 INTRODUCTION

This report describes motion measurements made on a 28m hovercraft, designated BTH-130. The requirement to carry out the trials was initiated by Nigel Horwell, representing Hyder Consulting, and a brief proposal was emailed with Wolfson Unit reference P3095. An order to conduct the measurements was placed via an email on 22nd June 2007. The object of the trials was to quantify motions and their effect upon passenger comfort during normal operations for comparison with a conventional fast ferry..

2 VESSEL DETAILS

The vessel is a hovercraft with an overall length of 28m and a beam of 15m. It can seat 131 passengers with a crew of one pilot and 3 crew. The lift and propulsion engines are all turbo charged diesels, with 2 five bladed 3.5m diameter variable pitch propellers giving an operating speed of 35 knots.

3 INSTRUMENTATION

The acceleration data was gathered using a lap top computer. The two axis transducer used incorporated ICSensors 3145-10 and 3145-2 accelerometers, measuring vertical and transverse accelerations, and has a serial number of WU 2V. This transducer has a flat frequency response from zero to 600 Hz. The accelerometers were calibrated through the system prior to and subsequent to the trials and found to vary by less than 0.1%. Data were gathered at a sampling rate of 211 samples/second and each data set was acquired over at least 5 minutes of operation.

4 ANALYSIS

The data from the trials were converted from raw time series acceleration data into acceleration and velocity power spectral density data using proprietary Wolfson Unit software. Subsequently these data were further analysed to yield the motions due to sea state and vibration levels for single frequency components.

5 TRIALS

Trials were carried out on the Firth of Forth, between Kirkcaldy and Portobello on Saturday 14th July and on the afternoon of Wednesday 25th July 2007. The route was approximately 11 miles in length, and took between 13 and 22 minutes. Measurements were made of vertical and transverse accelerations at the forward end and middle of the passenger seating area. Measurements were taken on the steelwork of the window frame, on the floor in front of the seats and on the seats themselves, as shown in Table 1.

The sea state on Saturday the 14th was slight, varying between 0m and 0.5m, with a westerly wind speed between 15 knots and 25 knots. On Wednesday 25th there was no discernable sea state, with a south westerly wind of approximately 5 knots.





6 DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

6.1 Discomfort Criteria and BSI

As per Wolfson Unit proposal the data was analysed via an acceleration spectral plot, weighted in accordance with BS 6841:1987, and integrated with time. The analysed data is presented in Table 2.

It should be noted that the sea states were small on the monitored crossings, and very little of the energy present in the spectra was in the 0 to 5 Hz (i.e. ship motions) regime. Figure 1 presents the acceleration and velocity PSD plots for a sample run. As can be seen, there are several large accelerations at high frequencies, but there are of very small movements, hence the velocities noted are small. With this in mind, and from the experience of being a passenger in the vessel, the motions were analysed with respect to vibration standards.

6.2 DNV Comfort Criteria

DNV Comfort Class is a systematic evaluation of the comfort on different types of ships. The class is a voluntary class notation giving comfort limits on noise, vibration and indoor climate. The rating ranges from 1 to 3, which reflects "high" to "acceptable" comfort standards. Comfort criteria relate to the peak vibration value in mm/second, for single frequency vibrations in the range of 5 Hz to 100 Hz and for High Speed and Light Craft are as follows -

Location	CR1	CR2	CR3
Passenger spaces	2.0 mm/s	3.5 mm/s	5.0 mm/s

The accelerations monitored were integrated into velocities, and the spectra plot analysed for peak values. Results from the second day of trails are presented in Table 3 for vibrations incurred on a seat, on the floor and on the window sill during 3 crossings. Examples of the weighted velocity spectra plots are shown in Figure 2 to Figure 5. Measurements taken on the seat passed the criteria with a comfort rating of 1 (high comfort) for all cases measured. Measurements taken on the floor gained a rating of 2 for the 14:00 crossing and the 15:00 crossing, but 3 for the 14:30 crossing. The change in rating is due to the sea state encounter frequency of the vessel shifting the motions from approximately 2 Hz to just over 5 Hz, as can be seen by comparing Figure 4 and Figure 5. This increase in encounter frequency moved the motion from the 'whole body motions range (0 – 5 Hz) into the vibration range analysed in the DNV rating. The vibration of the floor would also vary according to the position of measurement within the vessel due to global and local structural response.

7 CONCLUSIONS

- Acceleration data from the two days of trials shows there were little vessel motions due to sea state, but there were significant accelerations at higher frequencies, due to vibration.
- A spectral density plot of the velocities recorded show that the movements incurred were small, with a comfort rating of 1 (the highest) when sitting.
- 3. The vibrations measured on the floor were larger, with a comfort rating of 2 in general, but this would vary through out the vessel due to structural response as well as the direction of travel with respect to the direction of the sea state.
- Similar measurements should be recorded on a conventional fast ferry to make a valid comparison
 with the data from the hovercraft.



Table 1 Location of measurements

Name	Location
Fwd frame	Starboard side of vessel, furthest forward seat
Midship frame	Starboard side of vessel, immediately aft of exit
Midship seat	Starboard side of vessel, immediately aft of exit
Midship floor	Starboard side of vessel, immediately aft of exit

Table 2 BSI calculations due to ship motions

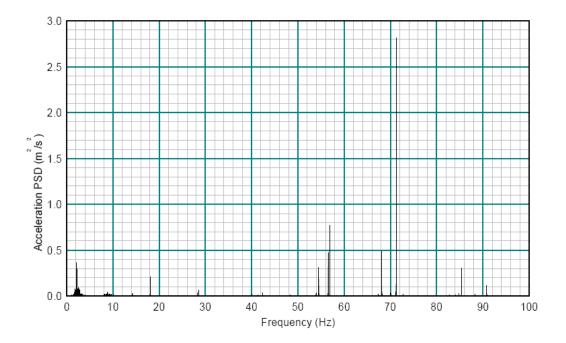
	Hand control	Discomfort	
Location	(RMS acceleration)	(RMS acceleration)	BSI
	Saturday 14t	h July	
Seat	-	-	1%
Window Frame	-	-	5%
Wednesday 25th July			
Seat	0.17	0.24	1%
Floor	1.23	1.62	3%
Window frame	0.87	1.11	3%

Table 3 Peak vibration measurements

	Peak velocity (mm/s)			
Crossing	Seat	Floor	Window	
14:00	1.15	2.27	1.30	
14:30	0.99	3.99	1.84	
15:00	0.76	2.29	1.51	



Figure 1 Spectral plot of acceleration and velocities recorded on a seat



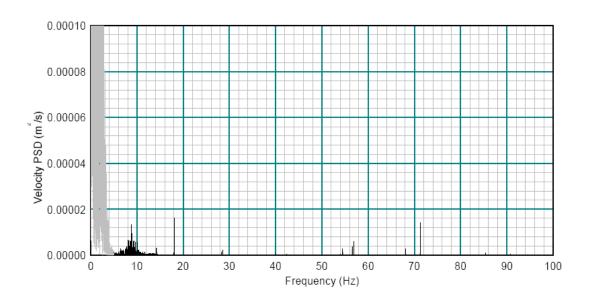




Figure 2 Comfort velocities on seat (14:00 crossing, 25^{th} July)

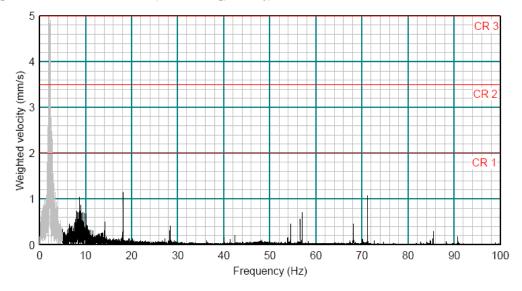


Figure 3 Comfort velocities on window frame (14:00 crossing, 25th July)

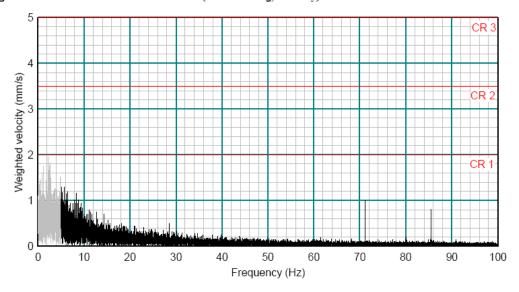




Figure 4 Comfort velocities on floor (14:00 crossing, 25th July)

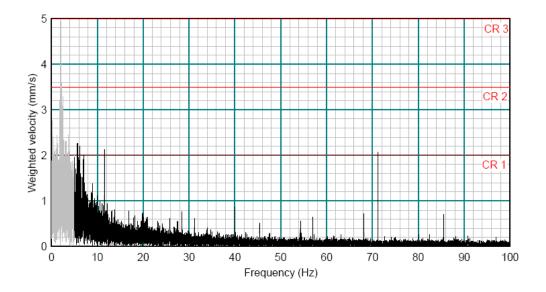
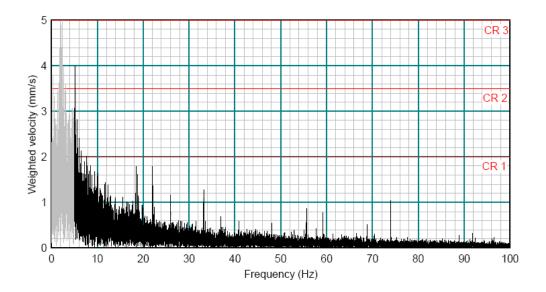


Figure 5 Comfort velocities on floor (14:30 crossing, 25th July)



Appendix H

Noise Monitoring Reports

Fife Council

Information to be provided

Edinburgh City Council

Information to be provided